

comment installerle logiciel plausible sur Debian-12

Plausible is an open-source privacy-focused analytics software to track your site's traffic. It is a lightweight alternative to Google Analytics, which lets you track visitors without compromising on privacy. It supports GDPR and doesn't use cookies. You can view the stats in a modern-looking dashboard, and the tracking script it offers is minimal and doesn't slow down your site. You can either self-host Plausible or buy their subscription.

In this guide, we will install Plausible Analytics using Docker on a Debian 12 server.

Prerequisites

1. A server running Debian 12.
2. A non-root user with sudo privileges.
3. A fully qualified domain name (FQDN) like *plausible.example.com* pointing to the server.
4. The Uncomplicated Firewall(UFW) is enabled and running.
5. Update everything.

```
$ sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade
```

6. Install essential packages that your system needs. Some of these packages may already be installed on your system.

```
$ sudo apt install wget curl nano ufw software-properties-common dirmngr apt-transport-https gnupg2 ca-certificates lsb-release debian-archive-keyring unzip -y
```

Step 1 - Configure Firewall

The first step is to configure the firewall. Ubuntu comes with ufw (Uncomplicated Firewall) by default.

Check if the firewall is running.

```
$ sudo ufw status
```

You should get the following output.

```
Status: inactive
```

Allow SSH port so that the firewall doesn't break the current connection on enabling it.

```
$ sudo ufw allow OpenSSH
```

Allow HTTP and HTTPS ports as well.

```
$ sudo ufw allow http
$ sudo ufw allow https
```

Enable the Firewall

```
$ sudo ufw enable
Command may disrupt existing ssh connections. Proceed with operation (y/n)? y
Firewall is active and enabled on system startup
```

Check the status of the firewall again.

```
$ sudo ufw status
```

You should see a similar output.

```
Status: active

To Action From
-----
OpenSSH ALLOW Anywhere
80/tcp ALLOW Anywhere
443 ALLOW Anywhere
OpenSSH (v6) ALLOW Anywhere (v6)
80/tcp (v6) ALLOW Anywhere (v6)
443 (v6) ALLOW Anywhere (v6)
```

Step 2 - Install Git

Git is needed to clone the Plausible's official repository. Install Git.

```
$ sudo apt install git
```

Verify the installation.

```
$ git --version
git version 2.39.2
```

Set initial configuration variables.

```
$ git config --global user.name "Your Name"
$ git config --global user.email "email@example.com"
```

Step 3 - Install Docker and Docker Compose

We will need to install Docker using its official repository. Add Docker's official GPG key.

```
$ curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/debian/gpg | sudo gpg --dearmor -o /usr/share/keyrings/docker.gpg
```

Add the Docker repository to the system.

```
$ echo \
"deb [arch=$(dpkg --print-architecture)] signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/docker.gpg https://download.docker.com/linux/debian \
"$(. /etc/os-release && echo "$VERSION_CODENAME")" stable" | \
sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/docker.list > /dev/null
```

Update the APT repository list and install Docker.

```
$ sudo apt update
$ sudo apt install docker-ce docker-ce-cli containerd.io docker-buildx-plugin docker-compose-plugin
```

Verify if the Docker engine is installed correctly.

```
$ docker --version
Docker version 24.0.6, build ed223bc
```

Execute the following commands so that you don't need to use sudo to run Docker commands.

```
$ sudo usermod -aG docker ${USER}
$ su - ${USER}
```

This completes the Docker and Docker compose installation section of the tutorial.

Step 4 - Install Nginx

Debian 12 ships with an older version of Nginx. To install the latest version, you need to download the official Nginx repository.

Import Nginx's signing key.

```
$ curl https://nginx.org/keys/nginx_signing.key | gpg --dearmor \
| sudo tee /usr/share/keyrings/nginx-archive-keyring.gpg >/dev/null
```

Add the repository for Nginx's stable version.

```
$ echo "deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/nginx-archive-keyring.gpg] \
http://nginx.org/packages/debian `lsb_release -cs` nginx" \
| sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/nginx.list
```

Update the system repositories.

```
$ sudo apt update
```

Install Nginx.

```
$ sudo apt install nginx
```

Verify the installation. On Debian systems, the following command will only work with `sudo`.

```
$ sudo nginx -v
nginx version: nginx/1.24.0
```

Start Nginx.

```
$ sudo systemctl start nginx
```

Check the service status.

```
$ sudo systemctl status nginx
? nginx.service - nginx - high performance web server
   Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/nginx.service; enabled; preset: enabled)
   Active: active (running) since Wed 2023-10-11 01:35:15 UTC; 3s ago
     Docs: https://nginx.org/en/docs/
   Process: 3598 ExecStart=/usr/sbin/nginx -c /etc/nginx/nginx.conf (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
  Main PID: 3599 (nginx)
    Tasks: 3 (limit: 4652)
   Memory: 2.4M
         CPU: 8ms
   CGroup: /system.slice/nginx.service
           ?3599 "nginx: master process /usr/sbin/nginx -c /etc/nginx/nginx.conf"
           ?3600 "nginx: worker process"
           ?3601 "nginx: worker process"

Oct 11 01:35:15 plausible systemd[1]: Starting nginx.service - nginx - high performance web server...
Oct 11 01:35:15 plausible systemd[1]: Started nginx.service - nginx - high performance web server.
```

Step 5 - Download Plausible

Clone the Plausible Self-Hosting GitHub repository.

```
$ git clone https://github.com/plausible/hosting
```

Switch to the downloaded directory.

```
$ cd hosting
```

Step 6 - Configure Plausible

In the downloaded directory, you will see the following files.

- `docker-compose.yml` - This contains the settings for the Docker compose tool to install the Plausible server and everything it needs. Plausible need the PostgreSQL server for the database and the Clickhouse database for stats. It also comes with an option to install an SMTP server to send notifications, password reset, and weekly stats emails.
- `plausible-conf.env` - This file contains the environment variables to customize your installation.

The first step is to generate a secret key needed to secure the Plausible app. Run the following command to generate the key.

```
$ openssl rand -base64 64 | tr -d '\n' ; echo
vPKrzp59qIYYMcYtCKGuvyvpk08PYf+Go2Ju+DPV/fZUK2eTGNlw3CoKEueXzypMVLbSKJNGS7xfq96/wepg==
```

Copy the key displayed on the terminal. Open the `plausible-conf.env` file for editing.

```
$ nano plausible-conf.env
```

Paste the following key in front of the variable `BASE_URL`.

Add the value for the `BASE_URL` as `https://plausible.example.com` or whatever domain you want to install Plausible on. Since we will configure SSL later, make sure you enter the base URL with HTTPS. You can also change the port number on which Plausible listens. By default, it uses port 8000.

```
BASE_URL=https://plausible.example.com
SECRET_KEY_BASE=yQVWmkfHvr/etwTSW/pSUmhAwExBK7eCXXKAMKv4mrtqzFCA5dgrAnTmX2ds20IZ9KulVwa+vL7lGRbJpycYaA==
PORT=8000
```

If you want to disable user registration after the installation, add the following line.

```
DISABLE_REGISTRATION=true
```

If you are opening registration for other users and want them to verify their email addresses, add the following line. For this to work, you will need to configure SMTP details which we discuss next.

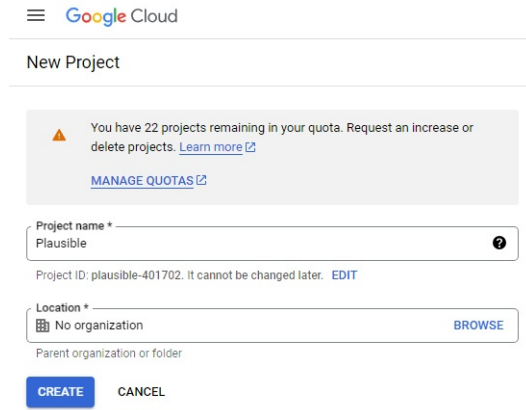
```
ENABLE_EMAIL_VERIFICATION=true
```

You can also configure your SMTP details with the following data. In our example, we are using the Amazon SES service.

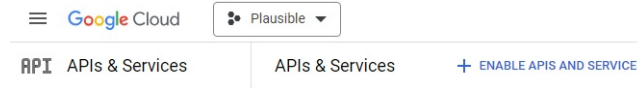
```
MAILER_EMAIL=navjot@example.com
MAILER_NAME=HowtForge
SMTP_HOST_ADDR=email-smtp.us-west-2.amazonaws.com
SMTP_HOST_PORT=587
SMTP_USER_NAME=<username>
SMTP_USER_PASS=<password>
SMTP_HOST_SSL_ENABLED=1
SMTP_RETRIES=2
```

Configure Google Search Console

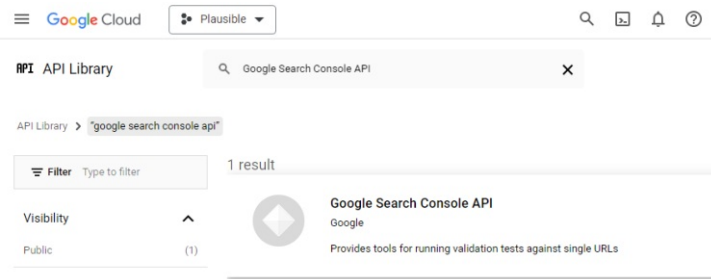
You can also configure Plausible to connect with the Google Search Console, which allows it to list the search terms people use to arrive at your site. Configuring this part can be a little tricky. Visit the [Google API console](#) and sign in. Once on the API console, create a new project. Give your project a name. You may see the Organization field if you are using a Google Apps account. In the screenshot, we used a Google personal account. Click **Create** to proceed.



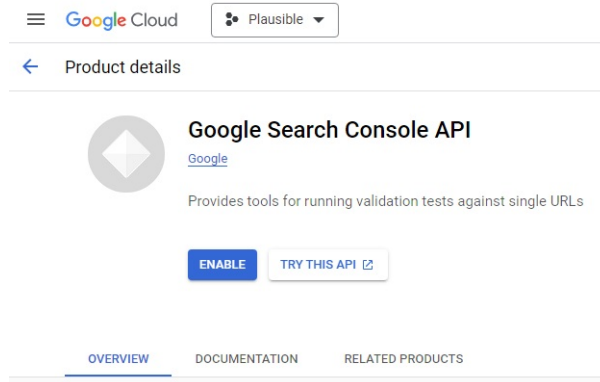
Click **Enable APIs and Services** on the following screen.



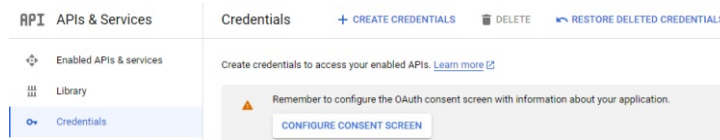
Search and click on the **Google Search Console API**.



Click on **Enable** on the following screen.



Next, you will need credentials to access the API. But first, you will need to configure the consent screen. To do that, visit the **Credentials** option from the left and click on the **Configure Consent Screen** button.



Choose User Type as **Internal** since we will be accessing it via the code only and click on **Create** to proceed. If you are using a Google Apps account, you can choose either option as the **User Type**.

OAuth consent screen

Choose how you want to configure and register your app, including your target users. You can only associate one app with your project.

User Type

Internal

Only available to users within your organization. You will not need to submit your app for verification. [Learn more about user type](#)

External

Available to any test user with a Google Account. Your app will start in testing mode and will only be available to users you add to the list of test users. Once your app is ready to push to production, you may need to verify your app. [Learn more about user type](#)

[CREATE](#)

[Let us know what you think](#) about our OAuth experience

Set your product name and add the support email and the developer contact email associated with your Google Search Console account. Add your domain name as the **Authorized domains**. If you are installing Plausible at the domain `https://plausible.example.com` then, add `https://example.com` as the Authorized domain. If you are hosting Plausible as a top-level domain, use that. Click the button **Save and Continue** to proceed to the next screen.

1 OAuth consent screen — 2 Scopes — 3 Test users — 4 Summary

App information

This shows in the consent screen, and helps end users know who you are and contact you.

App name *
Plausible Analytics
The name of the app asking for consent

User support email *

For users to contact you with questions about their consent

App logo

This is your logo. It helps people recognize your app and is displayed on the OAuth consent screen.
After you upload a logo, you will need to submit your app for verification unless the app is configured for internal use only or has a publishing status of "Testing". [Learn more](#)

Logo file to upload [BROWSE](#)

*Upload an image not larger than 1MB on the consent screen that will help users recognize your app. Allowed image formats are .PNG, .Png, and .BMP. Logos should be square and 120px by 120px for the best results.

App domain

To protect you and your users, Google only allows apps using OAuth to use Authorized Domains. The following information will be shown to your users on the consent screen.

Application home page
Provide users a link to your home page

Application privacy policy link
Provide users a link to your public privacy policy

Application terms of service link
Provide users a link to your public terms of service

Authorized domains

When a domain is used on the consent screen or in an OAuth client's configuration, it must be pre-registered here. If your app needs to go through verification, please go to the [Google Search Console](#) to check if your domains are authorized. [Learn more](#) about the authorized domain list.

Authorized domain 1 *

+ ADD DOMAIN

Developer contact information

Email addresses *

These email addresses are for Google to notify you about any changes to your project.

[SAVE AND CONTINUE](#) [CANCEL](#)

Skip the next couple of screens and go back to the dashboard. Once at the dashboard, visit the **Credentials** tab on the left and click on **Create credential**. Select **OAuth Client ID**.

Credentials [+ CREATE CREDENTIALS](#) [DELETE](#) [RESTORE DELETED CREDENTIALS](#)

Create credentials to access your project

API Keys

- Name: No API keys to display

OAuth 2.0 Client IDs

- Name: No OAuth clients to display

API key
Identifies your project using a simple API key to check quota and access

OAuth client ID
Requests user consent so your app can access the user's data

Service account
Enables server-to-server, app-level authentication using robot accounts

Help me choose
Asks a few questions to help you decide which type of credential to use

On the next screen, choose **Web Application** as the project type. Give it a name and hit **Create**.

← Create OAuth client ID

A client ID is used to identify a single app to Google's OAuth servers. If your app runs on multiple platforms, each will need its own client ID. See [Setting up OAuth 2.0](#) for more information. [Learn more](#) about OAuth client types.

Web application

Plausible-client

The name of your OAuth 2.0 client. This name is only used to identify the client in the console and will not be shown to end users.

The domains of the URIs you add below will be automatically added to your [OAuth consent screen](#) as [authorized domains](#).

Authorized JavaScript origins

For use with requests from a browser

+ ADD URI

Authorized redirect URIs

For use with requests from a web server

<https://plausible.example.com/auth/google/callback>

+ ADD URI

Note: It may take 5 minutes to a few hours for settings to take effect

CREATE CANCEL

You need to save your Client ID and Client Secret keys. Copy those values and paste them into the `plausible-conf.env` file. You can also download the JSON file to save the credentials for future use.

OAuth client created

The client ID and secret can always be accessed from Credentials in APIs & Services

OAuth access is restricted to the [test users](#) listed on your [OAuth consent screen](#)

Client ID	<code><ID>.apps.googleusercontent.com</code>
Client secret	<code><secret></code>
Creation date	October 11, 2023 at 8:48:57 AM GMT+5
Status	Enabled

DOWNLOAD JSON

OK

```
GOOGLE_CLIENT_ID=<ID>.apps.googleusercontent.com
GOOGLE_CLIENT_SECRET=<secret>
```

Once you are finished, save the `plausible-conf.env` file by pressing **Ctrl + X** and entering **Y** when prompted.

The app you created with the status `Testing`. The first option is to verify your app with Google which can take 3-5 days. To avoid having to verify with Google, you can enter your Google account as a **Test user**. Go to the **OAuth consent screen**, scroll down to the section **Test users**, and click the **Add Users** button to add your Google account.

APIs & Services

- Enabled APIs & services
- Library
- Credentials
- OAuth consent screen**
- Page usage agreements

OAuth consent screen

Plausible Analytics [EDIT APP](#)

Publishing status

Testing

PUBLISH APP

User type

External

MAKE INTERNAL

OAuth user cap

While publishing status is set to "Testing", only test users are able to access the app. Allowed user cap prior to app verification is 100, and is counted over the entire lifetime of the app. [Learn more](#)

0 users (0 test, 0 other) / 100 user cap

Test users

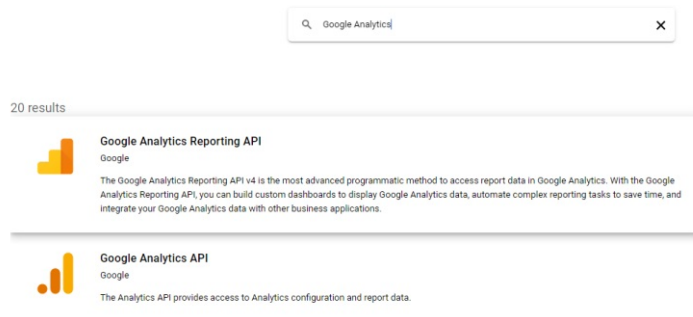
+ ADD USERS

Configure Google Analytics

Plausible also supports importing your Google Analytics data. To do that, we need to enable the following APIs.

- [Google Analytics Reporting API](#)
- [Google Analytics API](#)

Go back to the **APIs and Services** page and click the **Enable APIs and Services** button to find and enable the above two APIs.



Step 7 - Install Plausible

To install Plausible, run the following docker command.

```
$ docker compose up -d
```

Running this command creates a PostgreSQL database for the data, a Clickhouse database for the stats, migrations on both databases to prepare the schema, creates an administrator account with the details from the env file, and starts the server on port 8000.

Check the status of the containers. You can also use the command `docker compose ps` for the same.

```
$ docker ps
CONTAINER ID   IMAGE                                COMMAND                  CREATED        STATUS        PORTS                               NAMES
d9d2806a978e  plausible/analytics:v2.0            "/entrypoint.sh sh -"   56 seconds ago Up 54 seconds 0.0.0.0:8000->8000/tcp, :::8000->8000/tcp  hosting-plausible-1
99c9a1a1fff34  clickhouse/clickhouse-server:23.3.7.5-alpine "/entrypoint.sh"       56 seconds ago Up 55 seconds 8123/tcp, 9000/tcp, 9009/tcp         hosting-plausible_events_db-1
cf408ae32fc3  postgres:14-alpine                 "docker-entrypoint.s"  56 seconds ago Up 55 seconds  5432/tcp                             hosting-plausible_db-1
a5bae1a9f163  bytemark/sntp                       "docker-entrypoint.s"  56 seconds ago Up 55 seconds  25/tcp                               hosting-mail-1
```

You should be able to access Plausible on `http://<yourserverip>:8000` (you will need to open port 8000 using the firewall for this).

Step 8 - Install SSL

Before configuring Nginx as our reverse proxy to host the plausible domain, we need to first set up the SSL certificate.

We need to install Certbot to generate free SSL certificates offered by Let's Encrypt. You can install Certbot using Debian's repository or grab the latest version using the Snapd tool. We will be using the Snapd version.

Debian 12 comes doesn't come with Snapd installed. Install Snapd package.

```
$ sudo apt install snapd
```

Ensure that your version of Snapd is up to date.

```
$ sudo snap install core
$ sudo snap refresh core
```

Install Certbot.

```
$ sudo snap install --classic certbot
```

Use the following command to ensure that the Certbot command can be run by creating a symbolic link to the `/usr/bin` directory.

```
$ sudo ln -s /snap/bin/certbot /usr/bin/certbot
```

Verify the installation.

```
$ certbot --version
certbot 2.7.1
```

Generate an SSL certificate.

```
$ sudo certbot certonly --nginx --agree-tos --no-eff-email --staple-ocsp --preferred-challenges http -m name@example.com -d plausible.example.com
```

The above command will download a certificate to the `/etc/letsencrypt/live/plausible.example.com` directory on your server.

Generate a **Diffie-Hellman group** certificate.

```
$ sudo openssl dhparam -dsaparam -out /etc/ssl/certs/dhparam.pem 4096
```

Check the Certbot renewal scheduler service.

```
$ sudo systemctl list-timers
```

You will find `snap.certbot.renew.service` as one of the services scheduled to run.

```
NEXT          LEFT      LAST          PASSED      UNIT                                ACTIVATES
.....
Wed 2023-10-11 06:43:59 UTC 2h 57min left Wed 2023-10-11 00:51:05 UTC 2h 55min ago apt-daily.timer apt-daily.service
Wed 2023-10-11 06:56:46 UTC 3h 10min left Wed 2023-10-11 00:51:05 UTC 2h 55min ago apt-daily-upgrade.timer apt-daily-upgrade.service
Wed 2023-10-11 07:32:00 UTC 3h 45min left -                snap.certbot.renew.timer snap.certbot.renew.service
```

Do a dry run of the process to check whether the SSL renewal is working fine.

```
$ sudo certbot renew --dry-run
```

If you see no errors, you are all set. Your certificate will renew automatically.

Step 9 - Configure Nginx as a reverse proxy

Until now, Plausible is running on the local system via port 8000. To run on its domain, we will use Nginx to act as a reverse proxy.

Create a configuration file for Plausible in the `/etc/nginx/conf.d/` directory.

```
$ sudo nano /etc/nginx/conf.d/plausible.conf
```

Paste the following code in it.

```
server {
    listen 80; listen [::]:80;
    server_name plausible.example.com;
    return 301 https://$host$request_uri;
}

server {
    server_name plausible.example.com;

    listen 443 ssl http2;
    listen [::]:443 ssl http2;

    access_log /var/log/nginx/plausible.access.log;
    error_log /var/log/nginx/plausible.error.log;

    ssl_certificate /etc/letsencrypt/live/plausible.example.com/fullchain.pem;
    ssl_certificate_key /etc/letsencrypt/live/plausible.example.com/privkey.pem;
    ssl_trusted_certificate /etc/letsencrypt/live/plausible.example.com/chain.pem;
    ssl_session_timeout 1d;
    ssl_session_cache shared:MozSSL:10m;
    ssl_session_tickets off;

    ssl_protocols TLSv1.2 TLSv1.3;
    ssl_ciphers ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256:ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256:ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384:ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384:ECDHE-ECDSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305:ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305:DHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256:DH
    ssl_prefer_server_ciphers off;
    ssl_ecdh_curve X25519:prime256v1:secp384r1:secp521r1;

    ssl_stapling on;
    ssl_stapling_verify on;
    resolver 8.8.8.8;
    ssl_dhparam /etc/ssl/certs/dhparam.pem;

    location / {
        proxy_pass http://127.0.0.1:8000;
        proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
    }
}
```

Save the file by pressing **Ctrl + X** and entering **Y** when prompted once finished.

Open the file `/etc/nginx/nginx.conf` for editing.

```
$ sudo nano /etc/nginx/nginx.conf
```

Add the following line before the line `include /etc/nginx/conf.d/*.conf;`.

```
server_names_hash_bucket_size 64;
```

Save the file by pressing **Ctrl + X** and entering **Y** when prompted.

Verify the Nginx configuration file syntax.

```
$ sudo nginx -t
nginx: the configuration file /etc/nginx/nginx.conf syntax is ok
nginx: configuration file /etc/nginx/nginx.conf test is successful
```

Restart the Nginx service to enable the new configuration.

```
$ sudo systemctl restart nginx
```

Step 10 - Add Site and Star Tracking

Launch the domain `https://plausible.example.com` in your browser, and you should be greeted with the following Plausible registration screen.

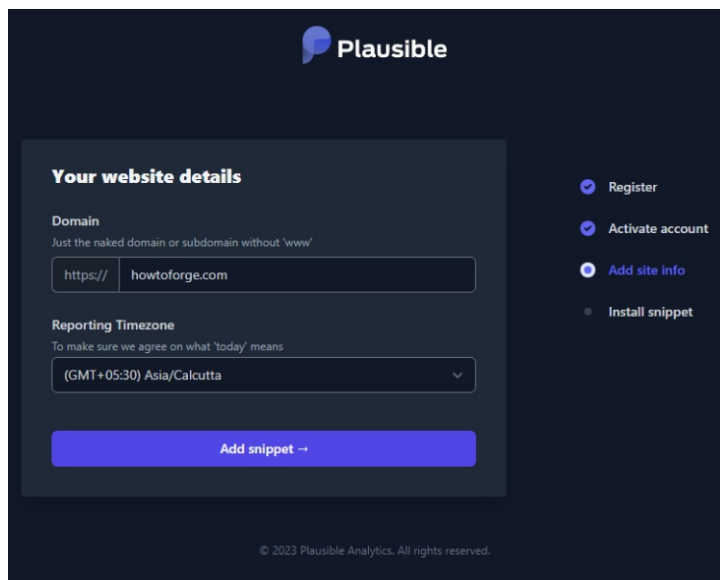
The image shows the Plausible registration interface. At the top, it says "Plausible" with a logo. Below that, the heading is "Register your Plausible Analytics account" with the subtext "Set up privacy-friendly analytics with just a few clicks". The main form is titled "Enter your details" and contains four input fields: "Full name" (with "Jane Doe" as a placeholder), "Email" (with "example@email.com" as a placeholder and "No spam, guaranteed." as a note), "Password" (with "Min 6 characters" as a note), and "Password confirmation". Below the form is a blue button that says "Create my account →". Underneath the button, it says "Already have an account? [Log in](#) instead." On the right side of the form, there is a vertical list of options: "Register" (selected with a blue circle), "Activate account", "Add site info", and "Install snippet". At the bottom of the page, there is a small copyright notice: "© 2023 Plausible Analytics. All rights reserved."

Click the **Create my account** button to proceed.

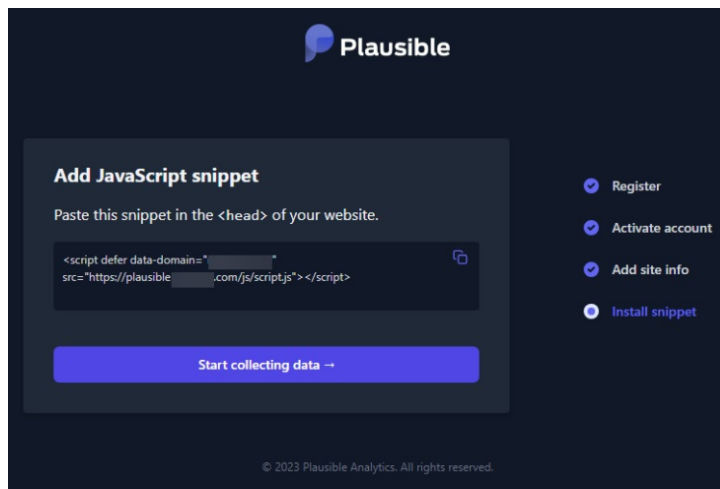
If you have set the variable `ENABLE_EMAIL_VERIFICATION=true` then you will be prompted to enter a verification code sent to your email ID. If you have configured the SMTP server, you should receive an email with the code. If you haven't, or if for some reason you don't receive the code, run the following command to verify all the users in the database.

```
$ docker compose exec plausible_db psql -U postgres -d plausible_db -c "UPDATE users SET email_verified = true;"
```

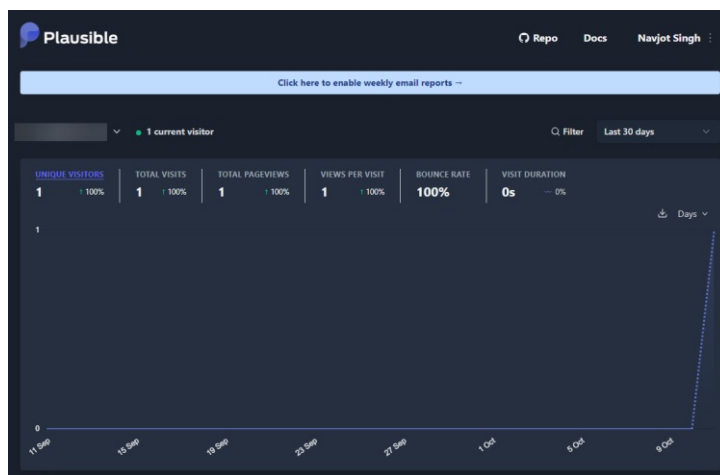
Next, you will be asked to add a site. Enter the domain you want to track and select the Timezone for stats reporting.



On the next page, you will be given the JavaScript code to track your website. Copy the code and paste it between the `<head>...</head>` of your site and click the **Start collecting data** button to proceed.



Depending on your site traffic, the dashboard should start showing stats for your website soon.



You can import your Google Analytics data or connect to the Google Search Console by visiting your site settings.

Conclusion

This concludes our tutorial on installing and configuring Plausible Analytics on a Debian 12 server. If you have any questions, post them in the comments below.